

City of Surrey PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT REPORT File: 7916-0088-00

Planning Report Date: April 11, 2016

PROPOSAL:

• Terminate Land Use Contract No. 214

to permit the existing underlying RM-15 Zone to come into effect.

LOCATION: 8555 and 8501

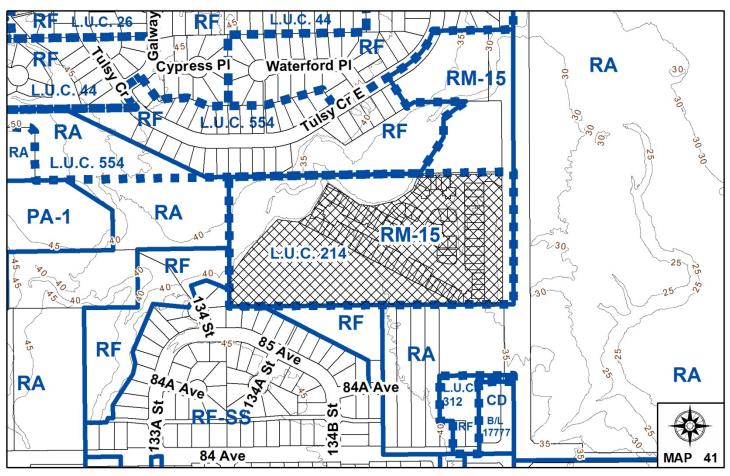
King George Boulevard

LUC AND LUC No. 214

UNDERLYING (RM-15 Zone underlying) **ZONING:**

OCP Urban

DESIGNATION:



RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY

• By-law Introduction and set date for Public Hearing to terminate LUC No. 214.

DEVIATION FROM PLANS, POLICIES OR REGULATIONS

None

RATIONALE OF RECOMMENDATION

- In 2014, the Provincial Government adopted changes to the *Local Government Act* that terminate all Land Use Contracts (LUCs) in the Province on June 30, 2024. However, the legislation also permits municipalities to undertake early termination of LUCs in advance of 2024.
- On June 15, 2015, City Council endorsed the recommendations in Corporate Report No. R122, which outlined a process with respect to the early termination of LUCs in Surrey.
- In accordance with recent legislative changes, the LUC Termination By-Law must include an effective date that is no less than one year from adoption of the by-law, resulting a grace period.
- City staff are now moving forward with the first group of LUCs to be terminated, in accordance with the approved process described in Corporate Report No. R122, which prioritizes based on business development or the simplicity of the termination.
- LUC No. 214 was adopted by By-law No. 5132 on December 5, 1977.
- LUC No. 214 permits the land to be developed for multiple family residential purposes and customary ancillary uses, as well as for environmental and stream protection.
- Once LUC No. 214 is terminated and the one-year grace period ends, the current underlying RM-15 Zone will come into effect and will regulate the subject site.

RECOMMENDATION

The Planning & Development Department recommends that a By-law be introduced to terminate Land Use Contract No. 214 and a date be set for Public Hearing.

BACKGROUND

- In the early 1970s the Provincial Government adopted changes to the *Municipal Act* (now called the *Local Government Act*) that allowed local governments to enter into Land Use Contracts (LUCs) with land owners and/or developers that incorporated zoning, development control and servicing issues into one document. As a result, on lands within an LUC, the LUC became the governing land use control and, in some instances, the subdivision and development control as well.
- Although LUCs are an agreement between the City and land owners/and developers, all LUCs were adopted by By-law. The first LUC in Surrey was adopted by City Council by By-law on August 7, 1972.
- In the late 1970s the Provincial Government adopted changes to the *Municipal Act* (now called the Local Government Act), eliminating the ability of municipalities to enter into LUCs.
- Approximately 370 LUCs were adopted in Surrey, most of which remain in effect.
- In 2014, the Provincial Government adopted changes to the *Local Government Act* that terminate all Land Use Contracts (LUCs) in the Province on June 30, 2024. However, the legislation also permits municipalities to undertake early termination of LUCs in advance of 2024, should they choose to do so.
- On June 15, 2015, Council approved the recommendations in Corporate Report No. R122, which outlined a proposed process with respect to the early termination of LUCs in Surrey, which prioritizes based on business development or the simplicity of the termination.
- As a result, City staff are now moving forward with the termination of LUC No. 214 in accordance with the approved process.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION

Early termination of LUCs is a Council-initiated project that does not require the consent of landowners within the LUC being terminated. A Development Proposal Sign has not been installed and no pre-notification letters have been mailed.

However, the LUC Termination By-law is required to have its own Public Hearing. As a result, the Public Hearing Notice will be delivered to all residents and tenants of properties within LUC No. 214, informing them that Council is considering terminating the LUC. Notice of the Public Hearing will also be delivered to adjoining property owners and tenants within 100 metres (or 3-lot depth, whichever is greater) of the boundaries of LUC No. 214. In addition, the Public Hearing notice will be published in two consecutive issues of either the Surrey Now or the Peace Arch News.

DISCUSSION

- LUC No. 214 was adopted by LUC Authorization By-law, 1977, No. 5132 on December 5, 1977.
- LUC No. 214 regulates two lots along King George Boulevard across from Bear Creek Park in Newton.
- The subject property at 8555 King George Boulevard contains 73 separate residential bare land strata lots (Strata Plan NW1112).
- Another of the two lots (8501 King George Boulevard), consists of a berm along King George Boulevard and the area under the BC Hydro high-voltage utility lines that run along the southern portion of the subject site. This lot is owned by the owners of Strata Plan NW1112.
- The two subject lots are designated Urban under the Official Community Plan and have an underlying Multiple Residential 15 Zone (RM-15) under Surrey Zoning By-law, 1993, No. 12000, as amended.
- The area regulated by LUC No. 214 is bordered to the east, across King George Boulevard, by Bear Creek Park; to the south by the BC Hydro transmission lines and vacant lands; as well as to the west and north by Mahood (Bear) Creek and associated environmental setback areas, single family dwellings, and a townhouse development.
- LUC No. 214 permits 73 residential units, on a portion of the subject lot (8555 King George Boulevard), that consists of single family dwellings, duplexes, and triplexes, along with customary ancillary uses.
- LUC No. 214 also preserves a portion of the land along the northern side of the subject for environmental and stream protection.
- In accordance with the recent legislative changes, the LUC Termination By-law must include an effective date that is no less than one year from adoption of the by-law, resulting in a grace period. The subject Termination By-law has a one-year grace period.
- Once LUC No. 214 is terminated and the one-year grace period ends, the current underlying RM-15 Zone will come into effect and will regulate the use of the land.
- The RM-15 Zone permits ground-oriented multiple unit residential buildings, and child care centres.

INFORMATION ATTACHED TO THIS REPORT

The following information is attached to this Report:

Appendix I. Copy of Part 21 Multiple Residential 15 Zone (RM-15) of Surrey Zoning By-law, 1993,

No. 12000, as amended

INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON FILE

• Land Use Contract No. 214.

original signed by Ron Hintsche

Jean Lamontagne General Manager Planning and Development

MRJ/ar

\file-server\net-data\csdc\generate\areaprod\save\9628905081.doc KD 4/7/16 1:52 PM



Multiple Residential 15 Zone

Part 21 - RM-15, Multiple Residential 15 Zone

Part 21

RM-15

A. Intent

Amendments: 12824, 06/24/96

This Zone is intended to accommodate and regulate the development of family-oriented, low density, ground-oriented multiple unit residential buildings and related amenity spaces, which are to be developed in accordance with a comprehensive design in existing urban areas and in new urban areas where density bonus is provided.

B. Permitted Uses

Amendments: 13774, 07/26/99

Land and *structures* shall be used for the following uses only, or for a combination of such uses, provided such combined uses are part of a *comprehensive design*:

- 1. Ground-oriented multiple unit residential buildings.
- 2. *Child care centres*, provided that such centres:
 - (a) Do not constitute a singular use on the *lot*; and
 - (b) Do not exceed a total area of 3.0 square metres [32 sq.ft.] per dwelling unit.

C. Lot Area

Refer to Sections D and E of this Zone.

D. Density

Amendments: 12333, 07/25/94; 12824, 06/24/96; 17462, 09/12/11; 17471, 10/03/11; 18414, 03/23/15

For the purpose of building construction:

- 1. For the purpose of *building* construction in all Neighbourhood Concept Plan and Infill Areas described and outlined on the map attached as Schedule F of this Bylaw, the maximum *density* shall be 1 *dwelling unit* per acre and the dimensions of the *lots* created in a subdivision shall be in accordance with Section K.1 of this Zone. The maximum *density* shall be increased to that prescribed in Section D.2 of this Zone if amenities are provided in accordance with Schedule G of this By-law.
- 2. <u>Ground-Oriented Multiple Unit Residential Buildings</u>: The maximum density shall not exceed a floor area ratio of 0.6 and 37 dwelling units per hectare [15 u.p.a.].
- 3. <u>Indoor Amenity Space</u>: The space required in Sub-section J.1(b) of this Zone, is excluded from the calculation of the *floor area ratio*.

E. Lot Coverage

Amendments: 12333, 07/25/94; 17704, 07/23/12

The maximum *lot coverage* shall be 45%.

F. Yards and Setbacks

Amendments: 17471, 10/03/11

Buildings and structures shall be sited not less than 7.5 metres [25 ft.] from all lot lines (measurements to be determined as per Part 1 Definitions, of this By-law).

G. Height of Buildings

Amendments: 13094, 05/12/97; 17471, 10/03/11

Measurements to be determined as per Part 1 Definitions, of this By-law:

- 1. *Principal buildings*: The *height* shall not exceed 11 metres [36 ft.].
- 2. Accessory buildings and structures:

- (a) Indoor *amenity space buildings*: The height shall not exceed 11 metres [36 ft.]; and
- (b) Other *accessory buildings* and *structures*: The height shall not exceed 4.5 metres [15 ft.].

H. Off-Street Parking and Loading/Unloading

Amendments: 12333, 07/25/94; 13094, 05/12/97; 13774, 07/26/99; 14120, 10/16/00; 17471, 10/03/11; 18414, 03/23/15; 18434, 04/27/15

- 1. Resident, visitor and employee *parking spaces* shall be provided as stated in Table C. 6, Part 5 Off-Street Parking and Loading/Unloading of this By-law.
- 2. Fifty percent (50%) of all required resident *parking spaces* shall be provided as *underground parking* or as parking within the *building* envelope.
- 3. Parking within the required *setbacks* is not permitted.
- 4. Tandem parking for ground-oriented multiple unit residential buildings shall be permitted as follows:
 - (a) A maximum of fifty percent (50%) of all required resident parking spaces may be provided as tandem parking spaces, excluding parking spaces provided as underground parking. For underground parking a maximum of ten percent (10%) of all required resident parking spaces may be provided as tandem parking spaces;
 - (b) Dwelling units with tandem parking spaces shall not be permitted direct vehicular access to an adjacent highway;
 - (c) Tandem parking spaces must be attached to each dwelling unit, excluding parking spaces provided as underground parking; and
 - (d) Both tandem parking spaces must be held by the same owner.

I. Landscaping

1. All developed portions of the *lot* not covered by *buildings*, *structures* or paved areas shall be landscaped including the retention of mature trees. This *landscaping* shall be maintained.

Part 21 RM-15

2. Along the developed sides of the *lot* which abut a *highway*, a continuous *landscaping* strip of not less 1.5 metres [5 ft.] in width shall be provided within the *lot*.

- 3. The boulevard areas of *highways* abutting a *lot* shall be seeded or sodded with grass on the side of the *highway* abutting the *lot*, except at *driveways*.
- 4. Garbage containers and *passive recycling containers* shall be screened to a height of at least 2.5 metres [8 ft.] by *buildings*, a *landscaping* screen, a solid decorative fence, or a combination thereof.

J. Special Regulations

- 1. Amenity space shall be provided on the *lot* as follows:
 - (a) Outdoor *amenity space*, in the amount of 3.0 square metres [32 sq.ft.] per *dwelling unit* and shall not be located within the required *setbacks*; and
 - (b) Indoor *amenity space*, in the amount of 3.0 square metres [32 sq.ft.] per *dwelling unit*, of which a maximum of 1.5 square metres [16 sq.ft.] per *dwelling unit* may be devoted to a *child care centre*.
- 2. Child care centres shall be located on the lot such that these centres:
 - (a) Are accessed from a *highway*, independent from the access to the residential uses permitted in Section B of this Zone; and
 - (b) Have direct access to an *open space* and play area within the *lot*.

K. Subdivision

Amendments: 12824, 06/24/96

- 1. For subdivision of the land in all Neighbourhood Concept Plan and Infill Areas described and outlined on the map attached as Schedule F of this By-law where amenities are not provided in accordance with Schedule G of this By-law, the *lots* created shall conform to the minimum standards prescribed in Section K of Part 12 One-Acre Residential Zone RA of this By-law.
- 2. For subdivision of the land in all Neighbourhood Concept Plan and Infill Areas described and outlined on the map attached as Schedule F of this By-law where amenities are provided in accordance with Schedule G of this By-law, the *lots*

created shall conform to the minimum standards prescribed in sub-section K.3 of this Zone.

3. Lots created through subdivision in this Zone shall conform to the following minimum standards:

Lot Size	Lot Width	Lot Depth
2,000 sq. m.	30 metres	30 metres
[0.5 acre]	[100 ft.]	[100 ft.]

Dimensions shall be measured in accordance with Section E.21, Part 4 General Provisions, of this By-law.

L. Other Regulations

Amendments: 13657, 03/22/99; 13774, 07/26/99; 17181, 06/07/10

In addition, land use regulations including the following are applicable:

- 1. Prior to any use, lands must be serviced as set out in Part 2 Uses Limited, of this By-law and in accordance with the "Surrey Subdivision and Development By-law".
- 2. General provisions on use are as set out in Part 4 General Provisions, of this Bylaw.
- 3. Additional off-street parking and loading/unloading requirements are as set out in Part 5 Off-Street Parking and Loading/Unloading of this By-law.
- 4. Sign regulations are as provided in Surrey Sign By-law No. 13656.
- 5. Special *building setbacks* are as set out in Part 7 Special Building Setbacks, of this By-law.
- 6. *Building* permits shall be subject to the "Surrey Building By-law" and the "Surrey Development Cost Charge By-law".
- 7. Development permits may be required in accordance with the *Official Community Plan*.
- 8. Provincial licensing of *child care centres* is regulated by the Community Care and Assisted Living Act, S.B.C., 2002, c.75, as amended and the Child Care Licensing Regulation set out under B.C. Reg. 95/2009, as amended.

Part 21 RM-15

This page intentionally left blank