SURREY COASTAL FLOOD ADAPTATION STRATEGY (CFAS)

CFAS

February 21st, 2018 Crescent Beach Options Selection







Crescent Beach
PROJECT BACKGROUND



Climate Change & Coastal Floods

- Coastal cities around the world are facing same challenges of sea level rise
- Province directed municipalities to plan for at least 1 m sea level rise by 2100
- In Surrey and Metro Vancouver most drainage systems not designed for projected changes

Study area @ a glance

COMMUNITIES AND PEOPLE

Many residential areas and neighbourhoods Semiahmoo First Nation 2,500+ residents Approximately 20% of Surrey's land area

\$

PARKS AND ENVIRONMENT

Destination regional and City parks Beaches and recreation areas Critical foreshore, coastal, and riparian areas

LOCAL AND REGIONAL ECONOMY

3,500+ jobs Over \$100M in annual farm gate revenue Over \$1B in assessed property value Almost \$25B annual truck and rail freight traffic

INFRASTRUCTURE

Over 10km of Provincial Highways Over 200,000 vehicle trips a day Over 30km of railway (freight, passenger)

CRESCENT BEACH

~ 0.7% of Surrey's gross property value (2016)
~ 0.5% of Surrey's population (1,150 residents)
~ 0.2% of Surrey's residential flood space

CRESCENT BEACH

What is at Risk?

Semiahmoo Bay

COASTAL AND RIVER FLOODING

1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960 1980 2020 2030 2040 2060 2080 2090 2100 2100 1990 2000 2010 2050 2070 1970 Major Coastal and River Flood Events

A Changing Shoreline

In 1890, dyking of Mud Bay begins. Shortly afterwards, dyking and damming of the Serpentine and Nicomekl Rivers begins. By 1953, a timber sea wall at Crescent Beach is constructed.

Since then, residents of Surrey's Coastal Floodplain have relied on a system of dykes and sea dams to protect themselves from ocean and river flooding.

Sea Level Rise

An Evolving Future

TODAY

As our climate continues to change and sea levels continue to rise over the coming years, it is anticipated that the frequency and intensity of major coastal and river floods will also increase.

The Province has directed municipalities to plan for at least 1m sea level rise by 2100. In Surrey, and elsewhere in the Lower Mainland, most drainage systems are not designed for projected changes.



Metre

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Approximate sea level rise since 1972



Extreme Floods

- Climate change is affecting intensity and frequency of storms and flood events
- Extreme floods of today become more frequent in the future

Extreme Flood Events

Flood of 1948
 -+1 metre depth
 - flowing water

Calgary 2013 - flood

Extreme flood

- Homes flooded
- Electricity failed
- Vehicles carried off roadways
- Residents evacuated

England 2016 - flooding

Extreme flood

- Homes flooded
- Electricity failed
- Vehicles carried off roadways
- Residents evacuated



Houston 2017 - flooding

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Extreme flood

- Homes flooded
- Electricity failed
- Vehicles carried off roadways
- Residents evacuated







Flood Depth Over 1 metre



Flood Frequency

0.5% chance of an extreme flood today

Flood Frequency

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50% chance of an extreme flood in 2100

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Hazards and Impacts

Agriculture

Community and Residential Environment and Recreation



Transportation and

Infrastructure

Local and Regional Economy

Surrey CFAS Process



CFAS Phase 1 Video What Matters Most?





Crescent Beach

Engagement and Outcomes



Engagement

THREE CRESCENT BEACH COMMUNITY MEETINGS

- May to September, 2016
- 60⁺ Participants

THREE FOCUS GROUPS

- February to March, 2017
- 60⁺ participants
- Agriculture & Farming
- Community & Residential
- Environment & Recreation

OPEN HOUSE PHASE 1

- April 26, 2017
- Participants: 30⁺

SEMIAHMOO FIRST NATION

Field visit and 4 meetings

TECHNICAL WORKSHOPS

- Nov 2016 to Dec, 2017
 - 150⁺ participants
- 2 Green Shores[™] Shoreline Design
- 2 PIEVC[™] Infrastructure
- Coastal Design with Dutch & UBC
- Coastal Regulators
- Coastal Stewards
- Agriculture Land Commission

OPTIONS ASSESMENT

- July to December, 2017
- 100 + participants
- Advisory Group Workshop
- Crescent Beach Workshop
- Semiahmoo Bay Workshop

Surveys

Three public surveys

Communications & Outreach

COMMUNICATIONS

- Website
- Surveys
- Interactive "Story Maps"
- E-newsletters
- Social Media #SurreyCoastal
- Print materials
- Media

OUTREACH

- Presentations to Council Committees
- Community events
- City and civic spaces
- School outreach
- Conference presentations
- Study tours
- Pop up events

Options Development – What can we do?

Preliminary Options Development with Community and Professionals

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Community Review of Preliminary Options





Crescent Beach
Purpose of Workshop



Today's Tasks

- Crescent Beach Focus
 - Review and discussion of shortlisted options
 - Review and discussion of risks
 - Ranking and discussion of priority options





Crescent Beach Ground Rules

- Group discussion is important; and everyone should get a chance to speak
- Provide honest, open opinions
- Agree to disagree; consensus may not always be achieved



Activity #1

• In tables, please share the main reason for wanting to be part of today's workshop



Crescent Beach
Shortlisted Options



Shortlisted Options for Crescent Beach

- 1. Expanded Edge
- 2. Barrier Island/Spit
- 3. Mud Bay Barrier
- 4. Managed Retreat

Option Overview

OPTION 1: EXPANDED EDGE



OPTION DESCRIPTION

This option proposes building the beach out in front of the existing shoreline to reduce the slope of the foreshore and, in turn, reduce wave run-up. By 2100, the dyke would be on average 2.5 metres higher than today with ocean front views severely impacted. The raised and expanded dyke will provide protection against overtopping and erosion. However, this option is considered high risk because of the high likelihood of failure of the dykes and potential detrimental impacts from flooding. Furthermore, given the sandy ground, seepage issues will accelerate with sea level rise. To help manage some seepage issues, perforated piping will need to be added over time to pump groundwater into the ocean. In addition, all homes and roadways will need to be raised by about 1 metre by the year 2100. The option would be phased over time, however, continuing to adapt to higher sea levels beyond the year 2100 may be challenging from a seepage perspective.

WHAT THIS COULD LOOK LIKE



Section of expanded edge and raised dyke





Raised dyke protects from storm surge and accommodates trails and other uses

Vegetated dykes reduce wind and wave run up

INFRASTRUCTURE, EARTHQUAKE & LANDUSE CHANGES & DESIGN Reduction in dyking: None.

New dykes: None. Existing dykes would be raised by 2.5 metres and the edge expanded towards the ocean with a 10:1 slope ratio.

Earthquake design: None.

Re-purposed land: Raising of roads lanes will require additional land on the sides of existing roads as the footprint of a raised road is greater.

Relocated roads/rail lines: None. However, 14 km of road lanes in Crescent Beach need to be raised by 1 metre or more to remain usable due to high degree of ground seepage.

Values Criteria



RESIDENTS: Are people permanently displaced?



ENVIRONMENT:

Are there impacts (positive & negative) to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas?



INFRASTRUCTURE:

Is service/transportation infrastructure made vulnerable?



ECONOMY: Is there a permanent loss of business?



RECREATION: Is there a diversity of recreational activities (positive & negative)?

Values Ranking:



CULTURE: Are there Semiahmoo First Nation cultural impacts that could be expected?

Values Criteria



Risk: Likelihood & Impact of Failure





Risk Evaluation





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Cost Criteria



COST CRITERIA NOTES:

Budget bins for capital costs and future generation's costs: \$ - less than \$100M; \$\$ - \$100M - \$1B; \$\$\$ - \$1B - \$4B; \$\$\$\$ - more than \$4B Approximate incremental infrastructure costs: \$ - less than \$10M; \$\$ - \$10M - \$100M; \$\$\$ - more than \$100M Annual operation and maintenance costs: \$ - less than \$1M; \$\$ - \$1M - \$10M; \$\$\$ - more than \$10M



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Expanded Edge


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Seepage/Groundwater







Seepage/Groundwater

Expanded Edge

 Raise homes and roads by at least 1 metre by 2100







Crescent Beach Dyke Elevations





Expanded Edge 2100



Expanded Edge



Earthquake

- No flood protection option is earthquake proof
- 20% chance of large earthquake by 2070



Liquefaction in Christchurch 2011 earthquake





BASELINE -	EXPANDED
NO ADAPTATION	EDGE

VALUES CRITERIA

	RESIDENTS People permanently displaced	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE
\bigcirc	ENVIRONMENT Impacts to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE
	INFRASTRUCTURE Percent of service/ transportation infrastructure made vulnerable	FAR WORSE	ND CHANGE
()	ECONOMY Revenue	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY DETTER
	RECREATION Diversity of recreational opportunities	FAR WORSE	MODERATELY Better
	CULTURE Opportunities for traditional practices	MODERATELY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE

IMPACT & RISK OF FAILURE



COST CRITERIA

S CAPITAL COST		\$\$
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE COST	\$\$\$	\$\$_
INFRASTRUCTURE MARGINAL COST	\$\$\$	\$5_
COST TO FUTURE GENERATIONS	\$\$\$\$	\$\$

Crescent Beach
Barrier Island/Spit



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Seepage/Groundwater

Expanded Edge and Barrier Island/Spit

 Raise homes and roads by at least 1m by 2100





Crescent Beach Dyke Elevations





Barrier Island/Spit 2100





Barrier Island/Spit

~2.3 metre raised dyke

Google

		BASELINE - NO ADAPTATION	EXPANDED EDGE	BARRIER ISLAND/ SPIT
VALUES CR	ITERIA			
	RESIDENTS People permanently displaced	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE
\bigcirc	ENVIRONMENT Impacts to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE
	INFRASTRUCTURE Percent of service/ transportation infrastructure made vulnerable	FAR WORSE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE
6	ECONOMY Revenue	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY DETTER	NO CHANGE
	RECREATION Diversity of recreational opportunities	FAR WORSE	MODERATELY BETTER	SLIGHTLY BETTER
	CULTURE Opportunities for traditional practices	MODERATELY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE

IMPACT & RISK OF FAILURE

OVERALL RISK	VERY HIGH	Ман	VERY HIGH
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COST CRITERIA

S CAPITAL COST		\$\$	\$\$\$_
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE COST	\$\$\$	\$\$_	\$\$_
INFRASTRUCTURE MARGINAL COST	\$\$\$	\$5_	\$\$_
COST TO FUTURE GENERATIONS	\$\$\$\$	\$\$	\$\$\$_

Crescent Beach
Mud Bay Barrier



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Seepage/Groundwater

Expanded Edge and Barrier Island/Spit

 Raise homes and roads by at least 1m by 2100

Mud Bay Barrier

 Raise home and roads, height to be determined by modelling





Crescent Beach Dyke Elevations





Mud Bay Barrier 2100





Mud Bay Barrier

~1 metre raised dyke

Google

25

		BASELINE - NO ADAPTATION	EXPANDED EDGE	BARRIER ISLAND/ SPIT	MUD BAY BARRIER
VALUES CRI	TERIA				
	RESIDENTS People permanently displaced	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE
\bigcirc	ENVIRONMENT Impacts to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE
	INFRASTRUCTURE Percent of service/ transportation infrastructure made vulnerable	FAR WORSE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE
3	ECONOMY Revenue	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY DETTEN	NO CHANGE	SLIGHTLY WORSE
	RECREATION Diversity of recreational opportunities	FAR WORSE	MODERATELY Better	SLIGHTLY BETTER	SLIGHTLY WORSE
	CULTURE Opportunities for traditional practices	MODERATELY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE

IMPACT & RISK OF FAILURE

OVERALL RISK	VERY HIGH	нісн	VERY HIGH	VERY HIGH
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COST CRITERIA

S CAPITAL COST		\$\$	\$\$\$_	\$\$\$\$
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE COST	\$\$\$	\$\$_	\$\$_	\$\$_
INFRASTRUCTURE MARGINAL COST	\$\$\$	\$5_	\$\$_	\$
COST TO FUTURE GENERATIONS	\$\$\$\$	\$\$	\$\$\$_	\$\$5_

Crescent Beach
Managed Retreat



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Crescent Beach Dyke Elevations



Managed Retreat



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		BASELINE - No adaptation	EXPANDED EDGE	BARRIER ISLAND/ SPIT	MUD BAY BARRIER	MANAGED RETREAT
VALUES CRI	TERIA					
	RESIDENTS People permanently displaced	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE
	ENVIRONMENT Impacts to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE	FAR BETTER
	INFRASTRUCTURE Percent of service/ transportation infrastructure made vulnerable	FAR WORSE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE
3	ECONOMY Revenue	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY DETTER	NO CHANGE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE
	RECREATION Diversity of recreational opportunities	FAR WORSE	MODERATELY Better	SLIGHTLY BETTER	SLIGHTLY WORSE	FAR BETTER
	CULTURE Opportunities for traditional practices	MODERATELY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE

IMPACT & RISK OF FAILURE

OVERALL RISK	VERY HIGH	шан	VERY HIGH	VERY HIGH	VERY LOW
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COST CRITERIA

(\$) CAPITAL COST		\$\$	\$\$\$_	\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$_
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE COST	\$\$\$	\$\$_	\$\$_	\$\$_	
MARGINAL COST	\$\$\$	SS	\$\$_	\$	1 8
COST TO FUTURE GENERATIONS	\$\$\$\$	\$\$	\$\$\$_	\$\$5_	

Crescent Beach
Key Concerns



Activity #2

- In tables, please review each option and discuss:
 - Do you understand the options and the evaluation for each?
 - Are there any concerns you have that have not been captured in the evaluation?
 - Are there any options that you think are missing?



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Crescent Beach Risk Heat Map

		IMPACT				
		Very Low	Low	Medium	High	Very High
LIKELIHOOD	Very High				BARRIER ISLAND / Spit	
	High				EXPANDED EDGE	MUD BAY Barrier
	Medium					
	Low					
	Very Low	MANAGED RETREAT				



Audience polling devices (aka clickers)

TEST

 Press any key A through J and green light should show

How old are you?

- A. Under 25
- B. 26-40
- C. 41-60
- D. 61-80
- E. 80+



Do you live in Surrey?

- A. Yes
- B. No



Do you live or work in Crescent Beach?

- A. Yes
- B. No



Do you own property in Crescent **Beach?**


Have you participated in other CFAS events?

- A. Yes, many
- B. Yes, I've been to at least one event
- C. No



Risk Perception

How likely do you think that the area will experience an extreme flood before 2100?

- A. Not at all likely
- B. Slightly likely
- C. Moderately likely
- D. Very likely
- E. Completely likely



Risk Acceptance

How acceptable is it to you to continue living in Crescent Beach given the high and very high risks of flooding?

- A. Not at all acceptable
- B. Slightly acceptable
- C. Moderately acceptable
- D. Very acceptable
- E. Completely acceptable



Crescent Beach

Financing adaptation options



Options Bundling

- Three study areas
- 10 shortlisted options
- Three budget bins
 - \$: less than\$100M
 - \$\$: \$100M to \$1B
 - \$\$\$: More than \$1B



National Survey on Flood Risks

- 6% of Canadians' know they live in a designated flood risk area
- 21% believe that the risk of flooding will increase over the next 25 years
- 83% of Canadians' believe that homeowners are responsible for personal protection





Who should pay?

Who should pay the most to help Crescent Beach adapt to sea level rise (rank)?

- A. Property owners -Crescent Beach
- B. Property owners -Surrey
- C. Property owners -Metro Vancouver
- D. Taxpayers British Columbia
- E. Taxpayers Canada



Crescent Beach
Priority Options



Summary Key Concerns

- Seepage
- Views
- Extreme flood
- Earthquake
- Burden to future generations

_		EXPANDED EDGE	BARRIER ISLAND/ SPIT	MUD BAY BARRIER	MANAGED RETREAT
VALUES CR	ITERIA				
	RESIDENTS People permanently displaced	SLIGHTLÝ WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE
	ENVIRONMENT Impacts to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE	FAR BETTER
	INFRASTRUCTURE Percent of service/ transportation infrastructure made vulnerable	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE
()	ECONOMY Revenue	SLIGHTLY BETTER	NO CHANGE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE
	RECREATION Diversity of recreational opportunities	MODERATELY BETTER	SLIGHTLY BETTER	SLIGHTLY WORSE	FAR BETTER
	CULTURE Opportunities for traditional practices	SLIGHTLY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE
IMPACT & F	RISK OF FAILURE				
\bigotimes	OVERALL RISK	HIGH	VERY HIGH	VERY HIGH	VERY LOW
COST CRITE	RIA				
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	MARGINAL COST	\$\$_	\$\$_	\$	5
	COST TO FUTURE GENERATIONS	\$5	\$\$\$_	\$\$\$_	

Worksheet

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VALUES C	RESIDENTS	FAR WORSE	SUGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE	
	People permanently displaced	THE FORE	SEIGHTET FICHDE	modelinites monoe	modeliniter fronde	TAIL HOUSE	
\bigcirc	ENVIRONMENT Impacts to wetland habitats, freshwater fish habitat & riparian areas	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	FAR WORSE	FAR BETTER	
	INFRASTRUCTURE Percent of service/transportation infrastructure made vulnerable	FAR WORSE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	NO CHANGE	
	ECONOMY Revenue	FAR WORSE	SLIGHTLY BETTER	NO CHANGE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	
	RECREATION Diversity of recreational opportunities	FAR WORSE	MODERATELY BETTER	SLIGHTLY BETTER	SLIGHTLY WORSE	FAR BETTER	
	CULTURE Opportunities for traditional practices	MODERATELY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	SLIGHTLY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	MODERATELY WORSE	
IMPACT 8	RISK OF FAILURE						
\bigotimes	OVERALL RISK	VERY HIGH	HIGH	VERY HIGH	VERY HIGH	VERY LOW	
COST CRI	reria						
	(\$) CAPITAL COST		55	555	\$\$\$\$	355	
-	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE COST	\$\$\$	55_	.55	\$5		
	INFRASTRUCTURE MARGINAL	\$\$\$	55	55	\$	\$	
	COST TO FUTURE GENERATIONS	\$\$\$\$	55	535_	555_		

COST CRITERIA NOTES: Budget bins for capital costs and future generation's costs. \$ - less than \$100M, \$ - \$100M, \$18, \$\$5 - \$18 - \$48, \$\$55 - more than \$48 Approximate incremental intrastructure costs. \$ - less than \$10M; \$5 - \$10M, \$100M; \$55 - more than \$100M Annual operation and maintenance costs. \$ - less than \$1M; \$5 - \$1M, \$10M; \$55 - more than \$10M

RANK OPTIONS 1. (letters A through E) 2. 3.

Activity #3

- Individually:
 - 1. Rank top 5 criteria
 - 2. Rank all options
- In tables, discuss:
 - Does your top option perform well on the criteria you care most about?



Criteria importance (rank top 5)

- A. Residents
- B. Environment
- C. Economy
- D. Recreation
- E. Culture
- F. Overall Risk
- G. Capital Cost
- H. O&M Cost
- I. Infrastructure Marginal Cost
- J. Cost to Future Generations



How are you feeling?

- A. Great!
- B. OK
- C. Tired
- D. Exhausted!



Option preference by 2100 (rank)

- A. No Adaptation
- B. Expanded Edge
- C. Barrier Island/Spit
- D. Mud Bay Barrier
- E. Managed Retreat



Crescent Beach
Next Steps



Please do not take clickers home



They will not work with your TV!



Next Steps Phase 3

- Mud Bay Survey (live now)
- Crescent Beach Survey (TBD)
- Advisory Group (March 9th, 2018)
- Open house (April 10th, 2018)



More information?

www.surrey.ca/coastal

coastal@surrey.ca

CFAS Overview

Surrey is preparing for climate change with a three-year Coastal Flooding Adaptation Strategy.

Surrey's Coastal Floodplain

Surrey's coastal floodplain is home to neighbourhoods, habitats, businesses and infrastructure. Causes of Coastal Flooding Learn about the different causes of climate change and sea level rise.



Coastal Flood Hazards Learn about the hazardous impacts climate change and sea level rise can have on coastlines.



Community Engagement Learn about the CFAS community meetings that have taken place, and plan to attend a future event.



Background and Resources Find news releases, presentations, and materials about Surrey's Coastal Flooding Adaptation Stategy.



FLOOD CONTROL

LOWLANDS & FLOODPLAINS

FLOODING & PREVENTION





SURREY COASTAL FLOOD ADAPTATION STRATEGY (CFAS)

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Thank you!





